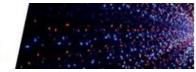


Teaching, learning and personal tutoring: A virtual mini-conference

CENTRE FOR ACADEMIC INNOVATION



11 September 2020



Lecturing, learning and labs online

Dr Beth Rogoyski, Dr TJ Moore and Dr Jo Rushworth www.lecturemotely.com @lecturemotely

Session overview

- 1. The lecturemotely story: from webinars to website www.lecturemotely.com
- 2. Semi-flipped classroom
- 3. Engaging activities for remote, live classes
- 4. Google-proofing MCQs
- 5. A tour of the lab resources online



The beginning: rapid, rough and ready staff support

Monday 16th March Tuesday 17th March

Wednesday 18th March Thursday 19th March HLS meeting to consider lockdown

Sent round "how to" videos to for BbCU

Built a remote teaching toolkit

First webinar for our School

Started teaching in BbCU

... with amazing support from Rob Weale and Ian Pettit (CELT)







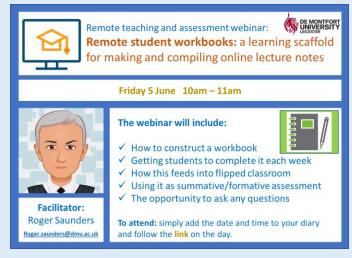
DMU-wide and national webinars



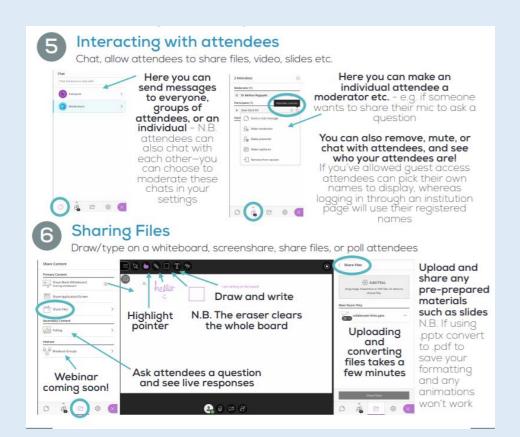








How-to guides





Lecturemotely: a website for staff development and resource sharing





@wonkhe
@NTF_chat

International impact

lecturemotely



universities our listeners come from



regular subscribers



>1000

total hours of webinar watched live



average percent of attendees who found these webinars useful



</> >10 0 0 0

new visitors to lecturemotely.com



100s 🛶



positive messages, feedback, and comments





online website contributors from...





different universities



countries we've been visited from. across...





different continents

Lecturemotely: a website for staff development and resource sharing

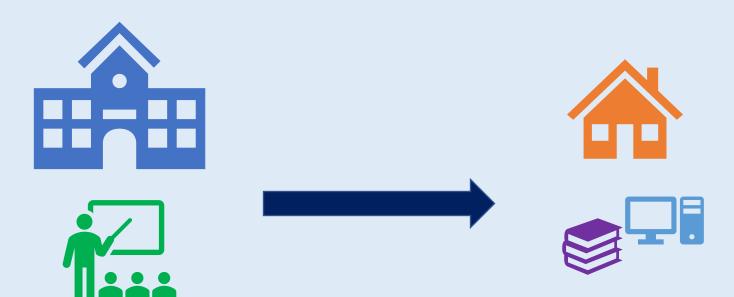




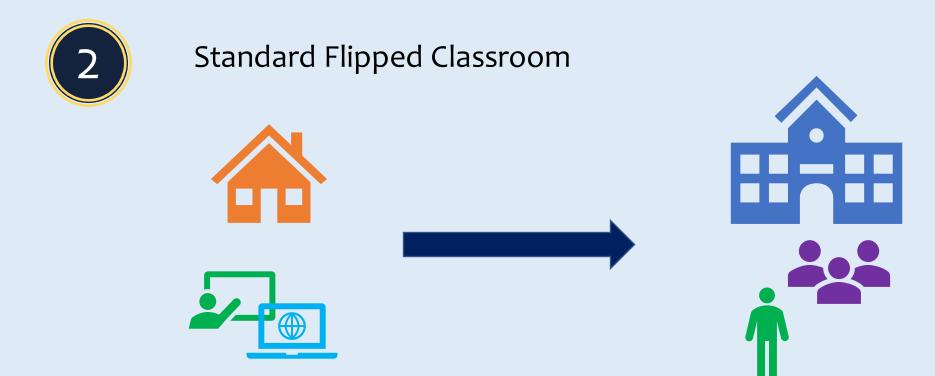




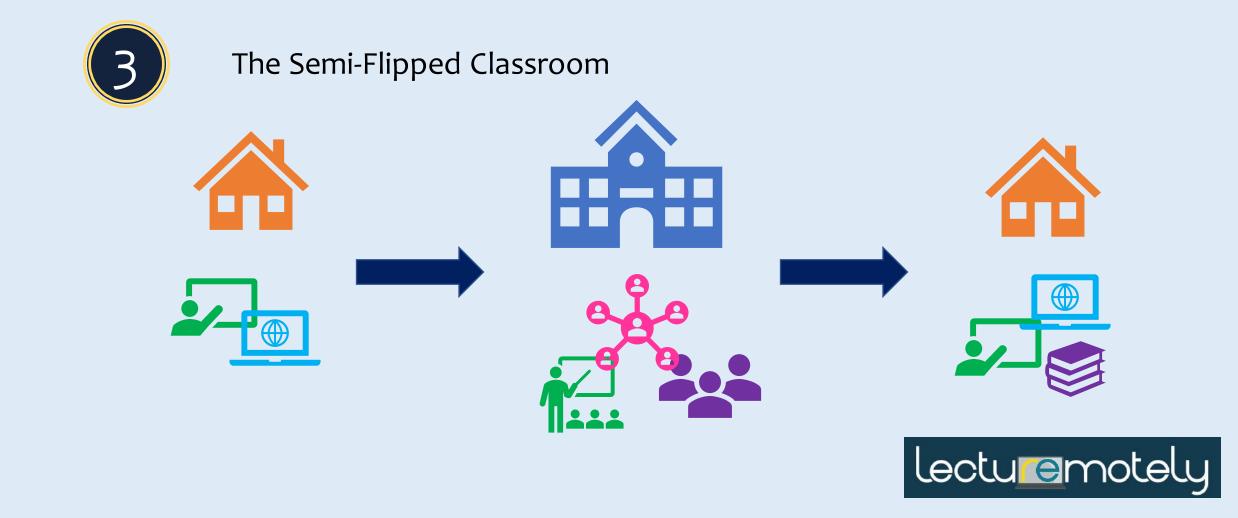
Traditional Lecture scenario













Pre-sessional work, e.g. Previously recorded sessions*, YouTube Vids, BoB (Box of Broadcasts), Journal/news articles...



Sessional work, e.g. short, focussed synchronous session (1 or 2 aspects of pre-sessional work aligned with LO's), polling questionnaires, PBL, case studies, ...



Post-sessional work, e.g. worksheet, mock exam question, ...



Pt: 35 yr 🗗 university lecturer

- Travels from UK to China to teach
- After 2 weeks in China, reports to GP
- Lack of sleep, fatigued, irritable, constipated, heartburn. History of snoring.
- Meds: Decongestant nasal spray
- Vitals: Slightly raised BP



What would be your initial diagnosis?

- a) Insomnia
- b) Jet lag
- c) Sleep Apnoea

How would you determine this?



Pt: 35 yr Juniversity lecturer
Travels from UK to China to teach
Upon further investigation, pt reports
never having this issue before.

Has your initial diagnosis changed? Why?

What should the GP advise/prescribe?



The Semi-Flipped Classroom – Lessons Learned

- 1
- Semi-flipped or flipped classroom is most effective Why?

- 2
- It's still about good teaching, not just about technology (UDL, active learning, formative assessment, workbooks...)
- 3
- Students enjoy engagement involve them in class (polls/MCQs), as well as co-creators, student module leaders, student lecturers... (peer mentors)



Top three tips for effective Semi-Flipped Classes

- 1 Preparation and clarity
- Make all activities size appropriate biteables
- Be Flexible and Adapt



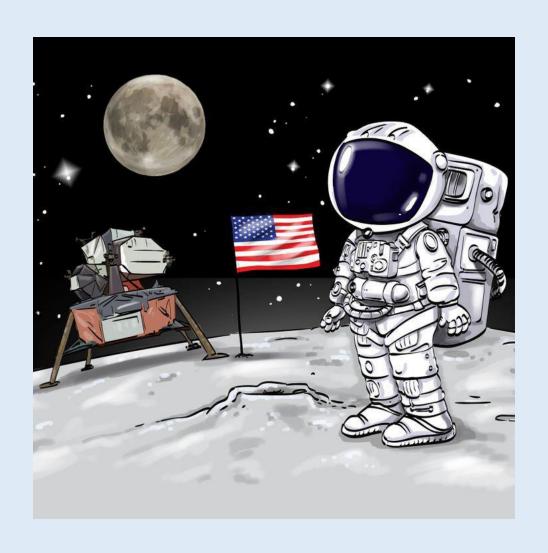
Happy Flipping!!

And remember to find amazing resources on www.lecturemotely.com



Starters

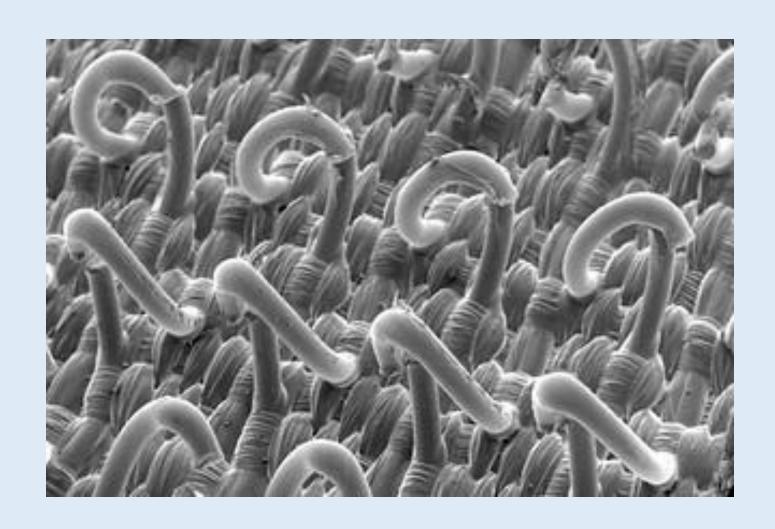
What's wrong with this picture?



What's wrong with this picture?



Can you guess what it is yet?



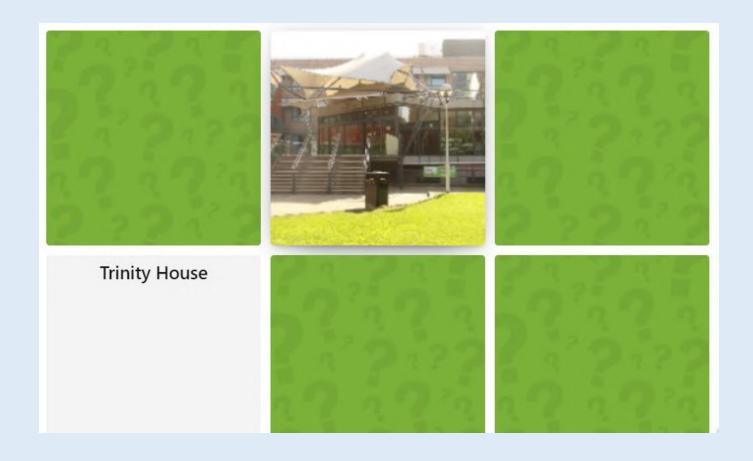
Recap

Fastest finger first



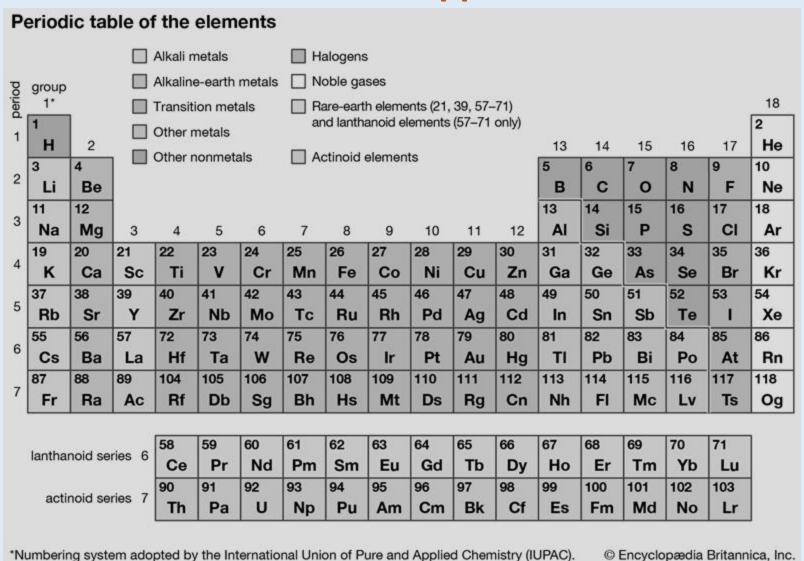
Noughts and crosses

Matching pairs



https://www.educaplay.com/learning-resources/6860509dmu_abbreviations.html

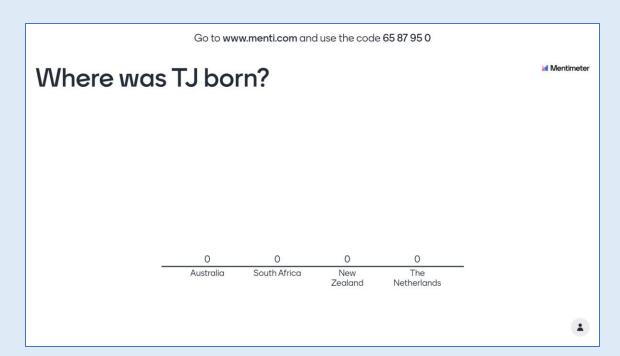
WhatsUpp?

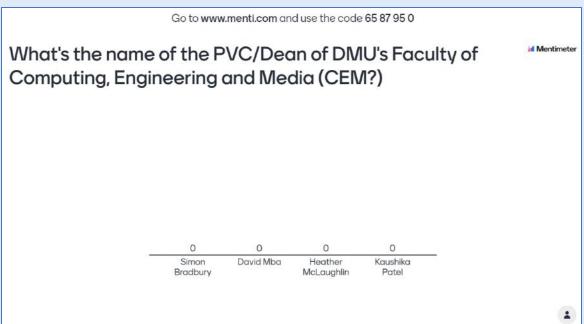


Tests

Team-Based Learning... sort of...







Go to www.menti.com and use the code 65 87 95 0

Application tasks

Ice breaker first!

I'm about to put you into breakout groups.

When you get into your group, put yourself into birthday order.

Start by telling everyone where you're from, what department you work in and two of your hobbies. When you've been around the circle, your task is to find something that you all have in common (NOT teaching or working at DMU!). When you've done it, come back here to tell me!

Leicester treasure hunt

The UK's smallest historic county and local rival university on three hills

come together, between their hands and shoulders.

Why not pick up a map and take a trip there?

Look around... what's the name of the house opposite?

That's the password to the next clue:

Jigsaw case study

A first year student, Eden Ajala (they/their), has been feeling unwell. You have 20 minutes to solve this case study and work out what's wrong. First, divide your team up and gather the relevant information. Then return to the group and present this. By integrating all of the information and working as a team, you should be able to complete the MCQ on Blackboard to diagnose Eden.

Person A

Open the file called Blood
Tests and interpret the data

Person B

Open the file called Social Media and pick out important information

Person C

Go online and find the reference range for protein in urine

Person D

Open the file called Personal Tutor Email from Eden Any additional people can buddy up and form pairs

Unexemplar

A Poem about the DMU Assessment and Feedback Policy 2020-21's Key Principles

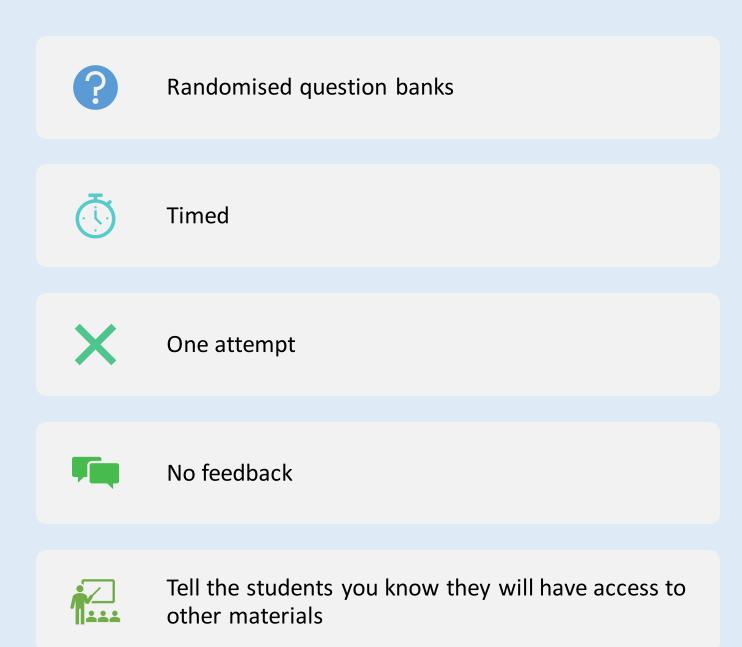
Assessments should be well defined
Then the students wouldn't mind
This poem is very rhymly
Because the feedback must be timely
And it's usually the norm
To give feedback in hand-written form
Let's try and make it flexible as well
In line with the principles of UDL



| Fail | 3rd | 2.2 | 2.1 | First |
|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Many points missing | Some points covered | Most points covered | All points covered | All points covered |
| Too many errors | Several errors | Small errors | Only typos | No mistakes |
| Poor rhyme | Rhyme is ok | Good rhyme | Very good rhyme | Excellent rhyme |

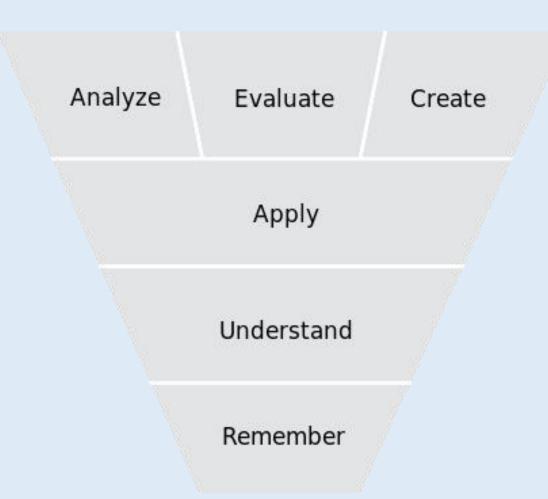
Go to www.menti.com and use the code 81 16 71 3

General tactics



Bloom's Taxonomy of exam questions

- Remember: "What is X?"
- Understand: "Which of the following explains X?"
- Apply: "How would you use X compared to Y?"
- Analyse: "What can you infer from X?"
- Evaluate: "Critique X and Y."
- Create: "How could you improve X?"



Moving up the pyramid







Too much information

Too little information

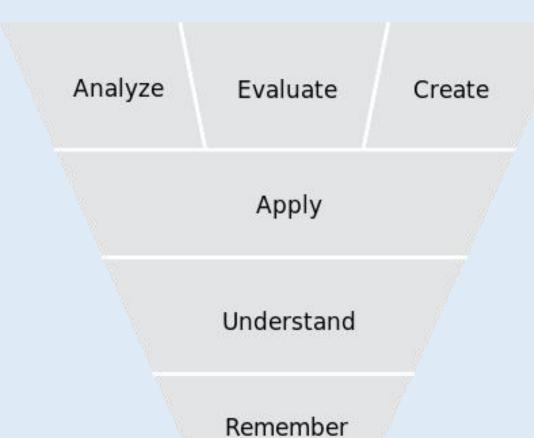
Fermi questions





Multimedia

Data interpretation



Too little information

Be less helpful Allow student to formulate the question

- Q: Which of the following has the highest alcohol content v/v?
 - A. Vodka
 - B. Beer
 - C. Wine
 - D. Juice

C&P into google and finding the answer took 15 seconds.



- Q: Four friends each drank 1.5 L of their favourite drink. Who probably ended up in hospital?
 - A. Beth: Vodka
 - B. Nick: Beer
 - C. TJ: Wine
 - D. Jo: Juice

C&P into google = Article in the Sun about binge drinking.

What's the question?

What's the question? Same as above.

Fermi questions

Questions you can't answer. But you can estimate.

- 1. How long is a piece of string?
- 2. How many MPs does it take to change a lightbulb?
- 3. How much chocolate could I eat during a 12-week quarantine?



 Q: Eva uses an orange to describe kidney anatomy. Which statement is likely to be FALSE?

Unanswerable questions

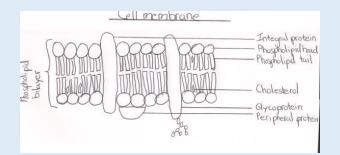
So replace something taught with something made up



- A. Orange segments look stripy so represent the renal pyramids.
- B. The region between the orange skin and segments would be the medulla.
- C. If oranges had nephrons they would probably sit between the layer of pith and the segments.
- D. If oranges produced urine, it would be collected in the core.

Multimedia

- Diagrams
- "Examples"
- Photos
- Scenarios
- All harder to google than written questions... but not impossible



Hi it's Dr Ram calling about

your embarrassing

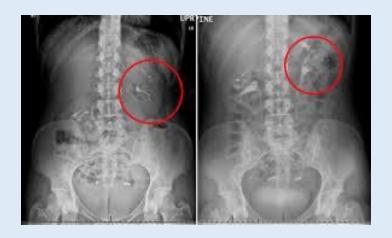
problem!

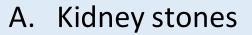


Using Diagrams

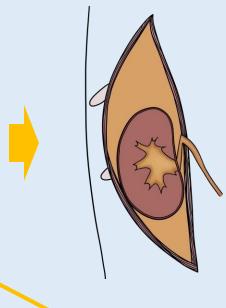
Not the first thing off google...

• Q: What pathology is shown?





- B. Nephroptosis
- C. Ureteral obstruction
- D. Utereral stones



Reverse image search took 22 seconds

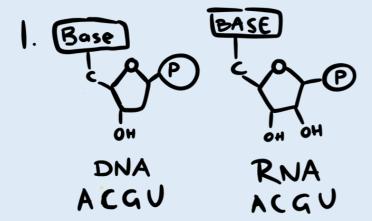
'Student' Diagrams

Correct the mistakes.
Which diagram is best?
What have they missed?
Which diagram shows which?

Q: Which of these statements about DNA is true?



• Q: Jo draws a diagram of DNA and RNA. What mistakes has she made?



- A. Base and phosphate the wrong way round. DNA should have T instead of U.
- B. Base and phosphate the wrong way round. RNA should have T instead of U.
- C. DNA should have T instead of U. RNA should not have OH on C2
- D. DNA should have T instead of U. DNA should have OH on C2

Data interpretation









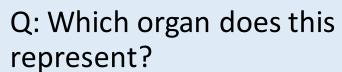
READ THE INTERACTION



LOOK AT THE RESULTS OF AN EXPERIMENT

Q: Which organ is this?







Q: Which of the following should you confirm before discussing personal information?



Q: What went wrong?









In general



Formulate











| Formulat | e |
|--------------------------------------|---|
| Let students formulate the question | 2 |
| •Is there a way you ask the question | C |

 Is there a way you can ask the question without asking the question?

Unanswerable

Encourage student intuition

Information

Ask the shortest question

 Don't give the exact information they need
 put some of the question in the answer

Exact

Be less helpful
Or ask

something directly from lecture material

Multimedia

Use multimedia (carefully)

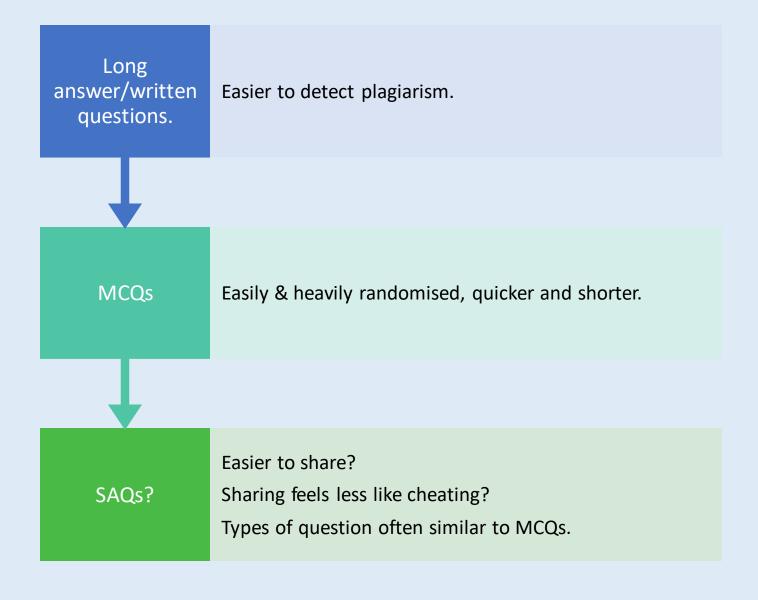
- •Images are harder to Google
- •Use interpretation of images/graphs/scenari os
- •Or use different formats... fill in the blanks etc.

Apply

Move up the pyramid!

•More apply, less remember.

Applying it to SAQs



Making SAQs less shareable

Refer to: Dr Gary C Woods

Higher order questioning • Open ended • Critical analysis More randomisation – SAQs Personalised? Spot checking Proctoring X

Lecturemotely: a website for staff development and resource sharing



Educator priorities and tools Teaching in times of disruption Dr Gary C Wood's tips and tools for online learning Tips and resources from Prof. Simon Walker at LD CIN

